

STEMTeachingTools.org

Science and Engineering Practices

1. Asking questions (for science) and defining problems (for engineering)

2. Developing and using models

3. Planning and carrying out investigations

4. Analyzing and interpreting data

5. Using mathematics and computational thinking

6. Constructing explanations (for science) and

designing solutions (for engineering)

7. Engaging in argument from evidence

8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating

information

Disciplinary Core Ideas

Life Sciences LS1: From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes LS2: Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics LS3: Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits LS4: Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity

Earth and Space Science

ESS1: Earth's Place in the Universe ESS2: Earth's Systems ESS3: Earth and Human Activity

Physical Science

PS1: Matter and Its Interactions PS2: Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions PS3: Energy PS4: Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer

Engineering, Technology and the Application of Science

ETS1: Engineering Design ETS2: Links Among Engineering, Technology, Science, and Society

Crosscutting Concepts

- 1. Patterns.
- 2. Cause and effect:
- 3. Scale, proportion, and quantity
- 4. Systems and system models
- 5. Energy and matter
- 6. Structure and function.
- 7. Stability and change

Key Definitions

Grade Level: The grade level(s) of the Performance Expectation DCI: Disciplinary Core Idea

Title of the Standard:

Heading on the top of the page of the standard

PE: Performance Expectation

AB: Assessment Boundary CS: Clarification Statement SEP: Science and Engineering Pracitce CC: Crosscutting Concept CCSS: Common Core State Standards



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